NZ Avalanche Advisory by the Mountain Safety Council





Aoraki/Mt Cook

4 High

Large amounts of snowfall and very strong winds are expected over the weekend.

There is a high potential for large, naturally occurring avalanches and it is advisable to stay away from avalanche terrain.

Avalanches may reach lower altitudes, less snowy areas.

Issued

Saturday 19th August 2023 17:45

Valid until

Monday 21st August 2023 17:45

High Alpine

Above 2000 meters





4 High

Very dangerous avalanche conditions. Travel in avalanche terrain not recommended.

Alpine

1500 - 2000 meters





4 High

Very dangerous avalanche conditions. Travel in avalanche terrain not recommended.

Sub Alpine

Below 1500 meters

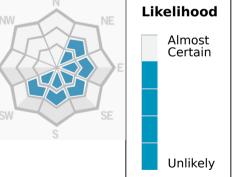


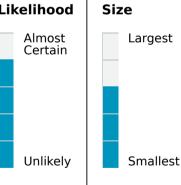


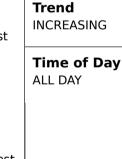
3 Considerable

Dangerous conditions, conservative decision making essential.







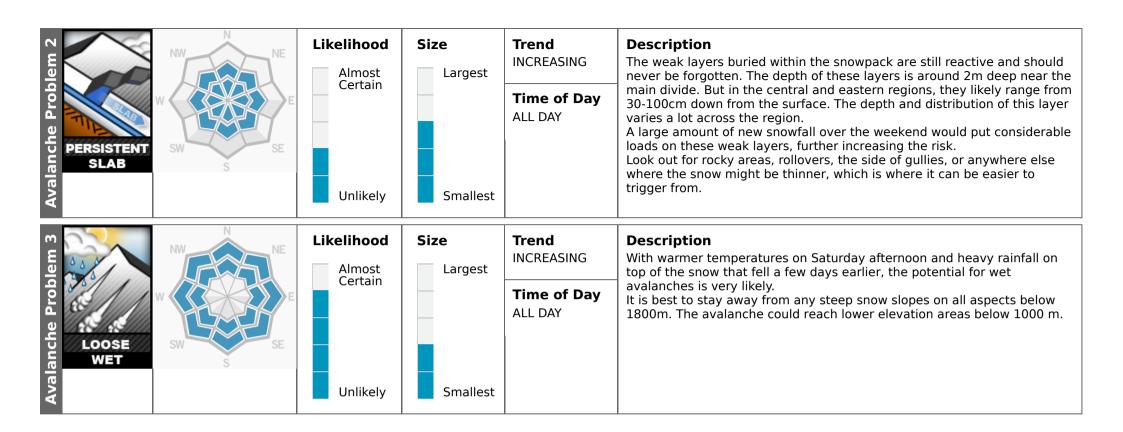


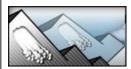
Description

Large-size wind slab avalanches are very likely over the weekend. More than 1m of new snow is possible with 110km/h severe gale northerlies. There is already plenty of loose snow available for wind transport. The amount of wind loading to E to S aspects will be significant.

These naturally occurring avalanches are more likely to step down to weak layers buried in the snowpack, which will further increase the size of the avalanche and increase the risk.

Recommend to stay well away from any large avalanche passes like Hayter stream, Hoophorn stream, Stocking stream, and Ball road.





Recent Avalanche Activity 19th Aug. Limited

observation due to the clouds. Multiple loose wet avalanches up to size 1.5 were observed from Mount Cook Village. Some avalanches reached as low as 800m.

18th Aug. Size 2 persistent slab was remotely triggered from about 300m away from a group of skiers on SE aspect 1950m in Gamack range on 18th Aug.

17th Aug. Size 2 skier triggered an avalanche ran on the persistent weak layer on S aspect 2000m in the Liebig range on the 17th of August.

range on the 17th of August.

14-16th Aug. A substantial natural avalanche cycle ran during the storm from the 14th to the 16th of August, with storm slab and persistent weak layer avalanches up to size 2 and 3 observed throughout the Burnett, Gammack, and Liebig ranges.

Whumpfing and slope settlements were recorded in the Ben Ohaus. Large avalanches have run along the southeasterly side of the main Divide.



Current Snowpack Conditions

Estimated over 1m

of new snow is possible with severe gale northerlies near the main divide over the weekend. The amount of new snow tapers to the eastern end of the region.

The fresh snow will overly on 25-100cm of low-density snow from 15-16th of Aug. The next storm will likely create several different layers of snow due to the change in wind speed, temperature and intensity of precipitation.

The weak layers of snow found throughout the area are still sensitive and reactive. A large amount of snowfall over the weekend will put a tremendous load on these weak layers and make them more dangerous.



Mountain Weather



Sliding DangerOn north to northwest facing slopes, very strong winds

can harden the snow and increase the risk of slipping and falling.